QUESTION PAPER SERIES:

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REGISTRATION N	UMBER:	BCSE-2020-
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Date

: November 8, 2020

Total Marks

: 100

Writing Time

: 2 hrs 30 minutes

Reading Time

: 15 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Write your Registration Number clearly in the space provided above.

- The first 15 minutes are to check the number of pages, printing errors, clarify doubts and to read the instructions in the Question Paper as well as in the Answer Sheet. You are NOT PERMITTED TO WRITE during this time.
- 3. The Question Paper consists of 28 printed pages including this page and two blank sheets for rough work. It has Four Sections as follows:

Section A: English Language

Section B: Dzongkha Language

Section C: Data Interpretation

Section D: Problem Solving

Each Section has 25 Multiple Choice Questions.

- 4. This paper consists of 100 Multiple Choice Questions carrying 1 Mark each. All Questions are compulsory.
- 5. All answers should be marked on the Optical Mark Reader (OMR) Answer Sheet. Any answer marked on the Question Paper will not be evaluated.
- 6. Use a PENCIL to mark your Answers. Do NOT use Pen.
- 7. You are not permitted to tear off any sheet(s) from the Question Paper.
- 8. Use of any other paper including paper for rough work is not permitted.
- You MUST hand over the Question Paper along with the OMR Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before leaving the examination hall.

GOOD LUCK!

SECTION A: ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Part I: Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer Questions 1-5 by choosing the answer to each question. Answers should be based on what is stated or implied in the passage.

Can We Rescue the Reefs?

Ritu Upadhyay

Under the clear blue sea, bustling communities of ocean creatures live together in brightly coloured, wildly stacked structures called coral reefs. These silent, majestic underwater cities are home to 4000 different species of fish and thousands of plants and animals. For millions of years, marine creatures have lived together in reefs, going about their business in their own little water worlds.

But danger looms. At an international meeting on coral reefs, scientists issued a harsh warning. More than a quarter of the world's reefs have been destroyed by pollution and careless human behavior. Unless drastic measures are taken, the remaining reefs may be dead in 20 years. "We are about to lose them," says Clive Wilkinson of the Coral Reef Monitoring Network.

Precious Underwater Habitats

The destruction of coral reefs, some of which are 2 1/2 million years old, would have a very serious impact on our oceans. Though coral reefs take up less than one percent of the ocean floor, they are home to 25% of all under water species. Wiping them out would put thousands of creatures at risk of extinction. It would also destroy one of our planet's most beautiful living treasures.

Though it's often mistaken for rock because of its stony texture, coral is actually made up of tiny clear animals called coral polyps. Millions stick together in colonies and form a hard outer shell. The colonies eventually grow together, creating large reefs. When coral die, their skeletons are left behind, and new coral build on top. Reefs grow into complex, mazelike structures with different rooms, hallways, holes, and crevices for their inhabitants to live in. Over the years, the ancient Great Barrier Reef off Australia's coast has grown to 1,240 miles long!

Sucking the Life out of the Reefs

Coral may look and feel tough, but it is extremely sensitive to environmental changes. A major cause of recent reef destruction is the gradual warming of the oceans. The El Nino climate shift in 1998, in particular, heated seas and did terrible damage to coral reefs.

Warm water causes a deadly situation called coral bleaching. Coral contains tiny algae, or water plants, that give coral its vibrant colour. Coral also uses the algae to create its food. This mutually helpful relationship between two beings is called symbiosis (sim-by-oh-sis). At high temperature, though, coral releases the algae. Without it, not only does coral lose its beautiful colour - it dies.

Global warming is believed to be caused by certain polluting gases that trap heat close to the earth's surface. Unless something is done, warns scientist Ove Hoegh-Guldberg, the oceans will grow so warm over the next 20 years that the reefs will be cooking in a "hot soup."

Not Such a Dynamite Idea

While warming may be the biggest threat to coral reefs, it is not the only one. Fishermen do enormous damage. The fish that live in reefs are very valuable as pets and food. To trap these

fish, some fishermen enjoy 'blast fishing"- shattering reefs with dynamite. Others drop cyanide poison into the water to stun fish so they are easier to catch. Most of the reefs in the Philippines have been destroyed by such fishing techniques. Pollution from oil slicks, garbage, and pesticides has also taken a toll. It messes up the delicate balance among algae, coral, and other reef species.

The outlook for reefs is not hopeless, however. Scientists believe reefs can be rescued if governments control pollution and ban practices like blast fishing. Says Wilkinson: "The world's attitude must change."

- 1. The main purpose of this essay is to
 - A describe the coral reef formation.
 - B inform the readers about reef lives.
 - C narrate a story about reef locations.
 - D sensitise the readers about threats to reefs.
 - 2. What organizational pattern is followed in the paragraphs under the subtitle 'Sucking the Life out of the Reefs'?
 - A cause and effect
 - B problem and solution
 - C compare and contrast
 - D definition and example
 - 3. The expression used in the line, "...the oceans will grow so warm over the next 20 years that the reefs will be cooking in a "hot soup" is an example of
 - A simile.
 - B oxymoron.
 - C hyperbole.
 - D personification.
 - 4. Which statement given below shows a symbiotic relationship?
 - A Coral and algae living together.
 - B Coral building on top of the skeletons of other coral.
 - C Fishermen using poison to stun the fish living in coral reefs.
 - D Warm water and the algae on coral reefs complementing each other.
 - 5. Which of the statements below is NOT TRUE of the passage?
 - A Coral reefs accommodate more than 4000 underwater species.
 - B The writer uses reef locations to point out reef damage.
 - C Common fishing techniques adversely affect the coral.
 - D The coral release the algae which dwell in the reef.

Part II: Grammar

- He works slowly, but his progress is satisfactory.Identify the type of sentence given above.
 - A imperative sentence
 - B exclamatory sentence
 - C declarative sentence
 - D interrogative sentence

7. The car skidded and almost fell off the cliff.
The underlined word in the above sentence is
A an adverb. B an adjective. C a preposition. D an interjection.
8. The wind one of the trees in my garden this morning.
Which of the following phrases correctly fits in to complete the above sentence?
A knocked of B knocked off C knocked out D knocked down
9. Use the correct verb to fill in the blank.
The Manager as well as his followers jailed for corruption the other night.
A is B was C are
D were
10. All of the following sentences are correct, EXCEPT
 A Semtokha Dzong is the oldest of all Dzongs in Bhutan. B No other Dzong in Bhutan is as old as Semtokha Dzong. C Semtokha Dzong is older than all other Dzongs in Bhutan. D No other Dzong in Bhutan is older than Semtokha Dzong.
Part III: Vocabulary
11. The army veteran narrated a dangerous mission he went on and how he was saved by the skin of his
A thigh
B teeth
C tongue D toe-nails
12. In the absence of the teacher, some students shout, some bang at the desks, some hit to instrument boxes with the compasses; in short, they create a
A disturbance
B hindrance
C hell
D din

71	idge and that he didn't want to waste his time.
	inderlined phrase means
Au	nimportant things that happened long ago.
B th	nings that the two friends did together long ago.
Ci	mportant things that happened long ago between friends.
D	things that happened in the past and are no longer important.
14. Usi	ng the cell phone openly during a solemn occasion would be considered a
	faux pas.
	flummox.
C	felony.
D	foozle.
15 T	he plan,, appeared to fail right from the beginning.
	Thich of the phrases below will correctly fill in the blank in the sentence above?
	for all intended purposes
B	그러나 그 그녀를 가게 되었다. 그래 생각이 되었다. 그래 그 그래 그
C	
D	
D	for all intention and purposes
D	for all intention and purposes
Part 1	
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Part I	IV: Synonyms
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Part I Choo 16. He A B C D 17. Na A B C D 18. The A B B B B	See the word that is closest in meaning to the underlined word in each sentence. The never missed an opportunity to belittle his competitors; now he is facing the consequence. dazzle destroy demean dethrone The poleon Bonaparte was known for his volatile behaviour. The erratic egoistic eccentric explosive The early educational institutions were known for their draconian rules. The harsh

19. SI	ne refused	to conform to society's perception of what is good.
A	apprise	

B adapt

C annex

D allot

20. The movie, Avatar is riveting, especially in terms of its visual effects.

A gripping

B glorious

C gorgeous

D gratifying

Part V: Antonyms

Choose the word/sentence that means the opposite of the underlined word in each sentence.

21. Dorji has proven himself to be a prodigal boy.

A Dorji spends his salary copiously.

B Dorji is frugal with his spending.

C Dorji always sends extravagant gifts to his friends.

D Dorji has a tendency to squander his entire allowance.

22. His speech was filled with ambiguous messages.

A sophisticated

B sarcastic

C sincere

D specific

23. Chimi is known in the college for her altruistic heart.

A shallow

B sadistic

C selfish

D saucy

24. He has an erroneous opinion about the problem.

A fallacious

B fictitious

C flawless

D false

25. Infants are highly susceptible to coronary diseases.

A risky

B resistant

C receptive

D responsive

SECTION B: DZONGKHA LANGUAGE

प्यानी त्या में या तर्र. के या खुरेश तारा है या र्यो मी यी त्य के मिय र में त्या का

त्यूज्ञान्त्री विकार हो हैं वो स्कारह्य त्या रेश्वर विचा के हुवा रेश्वर व्या के स्वा स्वा क्ष्य क्ष्य

शालशायवीयोत्तपुष्ट्रियायक्क्ष्यायक्क्ष्याय्वे स्वी-ट्र्बर् स्वी-प्रकृतः ४० मिट्यायाञ्च प्राप्तायविष्यः १० निर्मायविष्यः १० मिट्यायाञ्च प्राप्तायविष्यः १० निर्मायविष्यः १० मिट्यायाञ्च प्राप्तायविष्यः विष्यः विषयः विष्यः विष्यः

ती. सर्व्यवीकार्यक्रियंत्र्यं म्यूर्यं क्षेत्राम्यां क्ष्यां म्यूर्यं क्षेत्राम्यां क्ष्यां क

मैन.भूँर.ष्ट्र. प्रचा.ष्ट्र.च्या.वर्ष्ट्रण.रट्सी.पर्च्या.पश्च.पिट्य.ग्री.क्या.वर्ष्ट्रच.श्चर.प्र्चे.प्रच्या.वर्ष्ट्या.वर्ष्ट्रच्या.वर्ष्ट्रच्या.वर्ष्ट्या.वर्या.वर्ष्ट्या.वर्या.वर्ष्ट्या.वर्या.वर्या.वर्या.वर्ष्या.वर्या.वर्या.वर्ष्ट्या.वर्या.व्या.व्या.वर्या.व्या.वर्या.वर्या.वर्या.वर्या.व्या.व्या.व्या.व्या.व्

इ.च.म े लुबाक्किबाल.कु.स्.र्रेथ.लुब्र्युप्रह.च

मृ.लूर्शक्. लुर.श्रेर.की. (A B C D) मृ.चड्ड.रम्त्राम.लुब्रिश्च.यर्भेया र्र्ह्रामायुवर. यो. व. वो. र.

- या इ.ज्रियम.२४.की.वर्श्व.क्रि.ध्रे.ख्रेथ.लथ.यथा
- प गर्द्धमाः धना मुन्दः मेदिः तर्मा न्द्रां तर्मा स्था
- न ही.कूर्यना.ग्री.पर्वेश.श्र.लुप्र.भना
- ट ब्रिच.पक्रूज.न.क्र्.लुच.भग

१० विच पर्केषा बेर शे पर्

- ण ज्वर् र्ने ब डिणासु गवि पवना क्षे प्रयम्भ त्यस ग्री प्रें ना तस र हो विय स्वर पदि पद्धर र वे व वे वे वे वे व
- वि यात्र देव के मान्य वात्र के देश देश देश देश देश वात्र के वा कि वा
- म मवन्द्रिव डिमामी र्भून्याया श्री सद्धु म्याया र्भूव त्वन् वे डिमा श्री वा
- न मान् निर्देश स्थाप देव त्रायन निर्माण मान्य मान्य के स्थाप के स्थाप के स्थाप के स्थाप के स्थाप के स्थाप के स

४५ ब्रिच.पर्कूण.वार्श्चवा.कृ.वाब्रु.चर्श्चवात्रायपन्य-इद

- ग क्रुप्य तद्देव मार्श्वन त्या श्चेन से प्य र द्वा मार् र स्वाया
- प अस्. दुशः श्रीयः वीदः चरः वः नेशः ल्वं नहेः श्रूरः तवरः र्ख्याश
- म विचायक्र्यामान्दर्ने द्वीते क्ष्यामान्यमान्यम् मान्दर्भवामा
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४७ ब्रेच.पक्का.म.क्.रेट्ट्री.पच्का.जम.बिटम.ग्रीम. म.इ.र्ड्स.मपु.चश्चेट.पर्टेगेंं

- या पर्वेग.जी.बुच.पक्क्.प.पचर.बरश.ग्री.जश.कूर्य.क्र्य.नयु.चस्रिट.पर्टेग
- प्त तर्वेग.मु.धुन.पक्क्त.र्ट.कुर.वैश.ग्री.चक्ष.प्रिश्म.कुंश.तपु.चश्चर.परीग
- म तर्वेग.मु.धुन.पकूण.रेटमानर.मोर्ट्रेर.कूर्यना र्रंपु.जन्न.पक्र. क्रिंत.तप्र.पश्चिरापरी
- द त्र्युग मी लिय पर्के ता न्द्रमाय र गार्ने न के नाय र गार्ने न विष्य र गार्ने न के नाय र गार्ने न विष्य र

५० थ्रमानी ध्यम कुम्बर देनीय पहेंदर्देव मर्डें दें र

- ग विच वर्ष्ट्रियाम र्सु त्यु क ग्विम धीन के सार्थिन मान के मान के
- प वैच पर्षूण पर्देश स्वा इता न देश ही न ही पर्देश हो न हो न हो है वस लिव सम
- म विच त्रकूण त्यन् से स्रु स्रु स त्ये या त्ये या त्यन् द्रे में से से स्रु स स्रो

इ.च.ष्ट्रो श्रे.ची.स्र्रीर.चयुट्टे.च

र्देगानी दें पाने त्यु पद पद पद दे दे प्याप्य पद दें सामार्थे माने सामार्थि पाने सामार्थि प

- १७ (दे') ५८ (वदे') मुद्रैश ग्री त्यम त्येव मी द्वेर पहेंद तदें
 - ग क्ष्मामी तदी अत्यद्य प्यः विमामी दे त्यद्य हुम
 - ष समीयदेन्स्रिन्दियदेनीस बुनीदेवनमार्वेदसायी
 - म र्'र्हेदि भूरे चलमा लेदसा थरा वार्ड मी पर्रे प्रमार्ग
 - ८ देनश्चरम्बर्स्य हुं नी भ्रायक्षायः द्रायेश्वरम्बर्धा की के के तदी स्रायक्षायि

११ अन्मविदेधीम् गुः युः र्यः स्राम्य दिन्मी नृष्टुः नायुः नृर्मे स्राप्ति

- प्त प्यत्यन्त्रात्ती,श्रीयन्त्रपुःश्रीयशःश्चे. त्तु.मीयुःश्ची.मोष्यन्तःपी.मोषु त्यवमाःश्चे.होस्.लुपी
- म मुख्या चेर की में स्थार राय होया है र चे सा खेशा हो स
- न धी.ग्रितः नर्जे द्वारापुः नयुः श्वे न् न्वे नः खेशा धीत्र

११ दिया मी हिन किया खु त्यस धिया र्स्चेर तहिंदा च से ह से ति या ति हैं र्सू

- ग भै:मु:बैक्षःतवद्वन्वहरःबुग बेरःश्रेःवदेःश्रेव्र
- म धिःमु चित्रा हे निहर दुग चेर से पर्दे छोत्।
- ग थि:गु:चेशवरी:पहरःबुग वेरःशेवरी:शेवा
- ८ धैःमु चैक क्षे महर दुग बेर से पर्ने छोदा

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१८ चर्गित्। डोर.चते क्रिया तरी अरसे यागाये त्रायवच र्येत् स्वर् हें न क्रिया तरी
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ग इ.च.चर्गिर्न्स् बेर्स्थियर् धिवा

व धेनार्चना नर्गे द्वन बेर से पदि छोत्।

म मन्दर्द्वरम्मिर्घरमा बेर्का विराधिता

च ख्रियः मी पर्माद्राये नाया में साय हुन चेरा से पर्मा प्राये कि सा

वस प्र्यान्त्री श्री द्वा मुं त्यका चन्या मुं प्र्यं स्थायहे द्वायम्

ग विवार्ग भावसमा

त गुडिमार्थे। गुरुर्थ।

म वर्मीत्या हेंद्र्या

८ मुःच् हुरम

इ.न.म े भूटकूर्यालयालुष्यक्किइन्व

र्देग् गी दे न रे खु . यद न दे रे खें र खाला यद रे या मार्थे मार्थ यद रे मार्थ या मुन

१८ में न्यरमान्दामा गड़ियातुःखन्यरार्वेन्मात्रीत्रीत्री

ग अ:न्यर्यायदी:श्रेष्ठ्रय्याकुरायु:र्मिदी:न्रा श्रेष्यरायदीश:इग्ड्य्याय्यायीदी:श्रेष्ठ्र

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या श्रेश्वीर पहरायुः वृर्वे व्यापा वेर श्वय दर्गिय छीत्।

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८ पर्श्वमधा

वर क्रुण इर नदुःक्र्यायर्. प्र्यामीःक्र्याक्र्यायर्ति। त्र्यामीःक्र्याक्र्यायर्त्तायर्थायर्थेवायात्रः वर्षे

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२० गादार्श्वेर इस मालगा चेर से तरी

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प्त भे हम्मागुर-१८ समुद्रमा हो रहे १ दी सुन सिद्

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eo र्यमानी ह्रेर-क्रमा र्या. रमा. स्वा. कर्ष्र र.पास्ता अर. श्राप्त मार्या

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प भैरमह्मादी मुक्य पश्चेमादी

म निरम्झ्नायादी वे में नाम्झ्नायार्

र मृद्यामुदर्गे विषय प्रमुखयार्गे

इ.च.ट्रो इब्ब.बट्ब.कु.इ.च

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च्य क्रिअक्ट्र.वोट्टेट्याया.स्थ.तत्री व्रिट्टें वेटेंट्येव्यात्रात्विणी व्रच्छा.सैचल. (वोट्टेंट.) व्री. प्रश्नाचटल.स्रे.

ग इर चॅग्रामालेबा

प्त दर स्वीय खेत्र

म मिन्या स्वामालाया

८ वर स्वीतःलुबी

ee गुरुर:र्करर्नेर्ग्राक:पश्चिषायाः हे:पत्वा चेर:पर्व:श्रीपयः (नृग्रीर:कः) वी:इस्रा:श्रीर्थः पर्देः

ग केंद्वर छाना

प आपूरम्चीत. शुथी

न नक्षे.णुद. शुदी

८ श्रीदायद्यीया श्रवी

ल्प इस्मुद्रिय की इस्मा चर्या परी

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इ.च.क्रे यमाणःश्रम्मीःइ.चा

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८७ र्चयायाणीये में प्राकृत्युराणुत्। स्थित्यायाणाब्याव्याची में त्रास्थित्या वेरावदे स्थित्या (स्थाया) वेरावदे स्थित्याची विष्णास्थित्य स्थित्या ।

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हिट.वेट. की.लर.चोट.वेंचा.बुरस.रे. (लर.चोट.) ची.पंचांजा.शुर.चंखची.ता.कुष.
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८ अर:र्वेच श्रेवा

८५ ५ मॅवि ५ मा है। बेर श्री दे के मा मी तमाय श्री मा मा तर्ने श्री द स्था

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ल गुरुवाखुन्रहेन्। बेर्स्थायदीवी त्रवायास्यानवीन्यार्वीयार्वेद

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र र्नेदायार्केन बेराबीपदीषीदा

५० श्रि.पर्ट. णु.ज्.क्य.क्रम.ल्रा इंस.चयु.श्रेयका. (जु.जू.) इंस.चयु.क्र्म.म्.व्याज्यास्त्रस्यहै.

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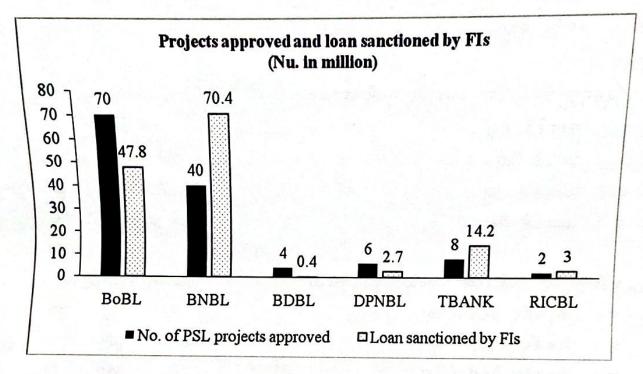
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र क्रेंचलःस्वालः बेरःश्रेःवदैःखेदा

SECTION C: DATA INTERPRETATION

Use the figure (Bar Graph) below to answer Questions 51 and 52. It shows the number of Priority Sector Lending (PSL) projects approved and loan sanctions by the Financial Institutions (FIs) in Bhutan in 2018.



- 51. What was the total amount of loans sanction by the FIs in 2018?
 - A Nu 127,000,000
 - B Nu 138,500,000
 - C Nu 247,400,000
 - D Nu 265,500,000
- 52. What fraction of PSL projects were approved by the FIs other than BoBL and TBANK?
 - $A = \frac{4}{5}$
 - $B = \frac{3}{5}$
- $C = \frac{2}{5}$
- $D = \frac{1}{5}$

Use the figure (Stem and Leaf Plot) below to answer Questions 53 and 54. It shows the marks obtained by graduates studying in Royal Institute of Management (RIM) in Economics subject.

53. What is the modal mark obtained in Economics by the RIM graduates?

A 68

B 70

C 71

D 87

54. How many RIM graduates appeared examination in Economics?

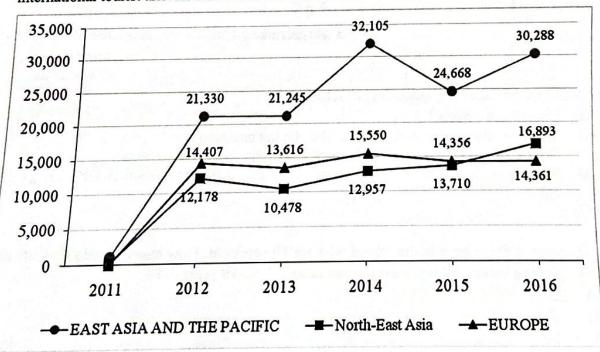
A 10

B 15

C 18

D 20

Use the figure (Line Graph) below to answer Questions 55 and 56. It shows the number of international tourist arrivals from 2011-2016 in Bhutan.



55. Which year has the highest number of tourist arrival?

A 2011

B 2014

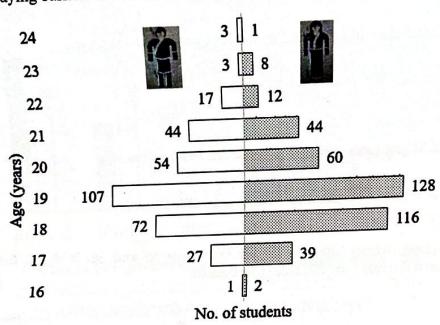
C 2015

D 2016

56. All of the following statements are true, EXCEPT:

- Number of tourist arrivals dropped in 2013.
- East-Asia and Pacific constitutes less than 50% of tourist arrival in 2014. B
- Number of tourist arrivals in 2011 from all three continents is almost the same. C
- Number of tourist arrivals from East-Asia and Pacific exceeded the arrival from Europe.

Use the figure (Pyramid) below to answer Questions 57 and 58. It shows the number of students who like playing basketball in a school by age.



57. Which of the following statement is TRUE?

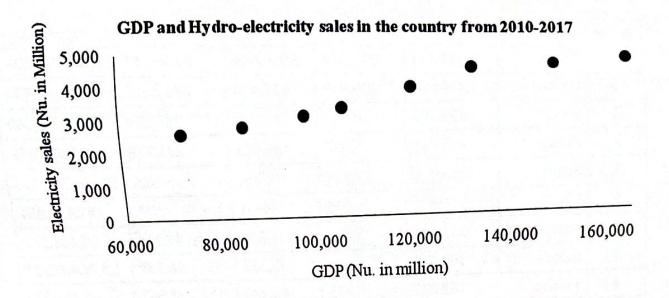
- Overall sex ratio is 1. A
- There are more male students who like playing basketball. В
- Senior students like playing basketball more than the junior students.
- Number of male and female students who like playing basketball is same for 21 years old.
- 58. There are 300 students in the school who are 19 years old. How many female students do not like playing basketball if the overall sex ratio is 1 for 19 years old?
 - 22 A
 - 65 B
 - 150 C
 - 172 Ď

Use the table below to answer Questions 59 and 60. It shows the report on coronavirus cases of the ten most affected countries of the world as on 1st June, 2020. It also includes coronavirus information of the World and Bhutan.

Sl.No.	Country	Cases	Deaths	Recovered	Active cases	Population
	World	6,393,784	377,964	2,926,669	3,089,151	7,594,000,000
1	USA	1,859,693	106,927	615,426	1,137,340	330,848,770
2	Brazil	529,405	30,046	211,080	288,279	212,438,640
3	Russia	423,741	5,037	186,985	231,719	145,929,678
4	Spain	286,718	27,127	N/A	N/A	46,753,394
5	UK	276,332	39,045	N/A	N/A	67,857,854
6	Italy	233,197	33,475	158,355	41,367	60,468,537
7	India	199,613	5,610	95,852	98,151	1,378,900,337
8	France	189,220	28,833	68,440	91,947	65,262,335
9	Germany	183,765	8,618	166,400	8,747	83,763,076
10	Peru	170,039	4,634	68,507	96,898	32,933,472
11	Bhutan	47	0	9	38	770,911

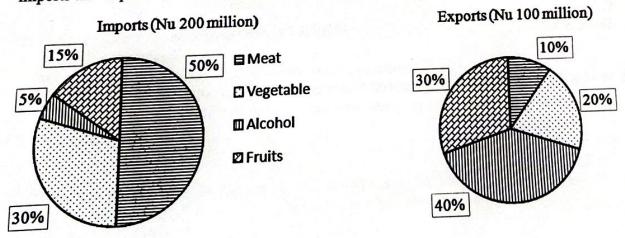
- 59. Which country has lowest per capita death rate?
 - A Bhutan
 - B India
 - C Peru
 - D USA
- 60. Which country has the highest coronavirus cases per million population?
 - A India
 - B Russia
 - C Spain
 - D USA

Use the figure (Scatter plot) below to answer Question 61. It shows the data on Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and Hydro-electricity sales in the country from 2010-2017.



- 61. The correlation between GDP and Electricity sale is
 - Weak and negative A
 - Weak and positive B
 - Strong and negative C
 - Strong and positive Ď

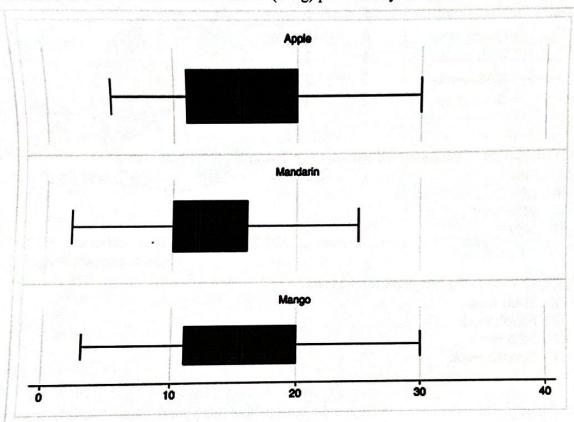
Use the figure (Pie Chart) below to answer Questions 62 and 63. It shows the distribution of imports and exports for Bhutan in 2016.



- 62. In how many categories did the total import and export exceed Nu 75 million?
 - 1 A
 - 2 B
 - C 3
 - 4 Ď

- 63. The ratio of fruits imported to the vegetables exported in 2016 is
 - A 1:3
 - B 1:1
 - C 3:2
 - D 2:1

Use the figure (Box and Whisker Plot) below to answer Questions 64 and 65. It shows the distribution of data on three different fruits (in kg) produced by a farmer.



- 64. Which of the following type of fruit has the highest range?
 - I : Apple
 - II : Mandarin
 - III: Mango
 - A I, II and III
 - B I and III
 - C III
 - DI
- 65. Which of the following statement is FALSE?
 - A First quartile for Mandarin is 10 kg.
 - B Range for Apple and Mango are different.
 - C Quartiles for Apple and Mango fruits are same.
 - D Median for Mango and Apple is greater than the median for Mandarin.

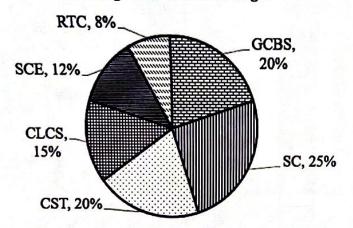
Use the table below to answer Questions 66, 67 and 68. It shows the record of the performance of a basketball team for the first seven weeks of the season.

won	Games Lost	games played
5	3	8
4	4	16
5	2	23
6	3	32
4	2	38
3	3	44
2	4	50
	5 4 5 6 4 3	5 3 4 4 5 2 6 3 4 2 3 3

- 66. What percent of the games did the team win during the first seven weeks?
 - A 21%
 - B 29%
 - C 42%
 - D 58%
- 67. Which week is the best week for the team?
 - A Third week
 - B Fourth week
 - C Fifth week
 - D Seventh week
- 68. If there are 50 more games to play in the season, how many more games must the team win to end up winning 70% of the games?
 - A 41
 - B 35
 - C 29
 - D 21

Use the figure (*Pie Chart and Table*) below to answer Questions 69, 70 and 71. It shows the distribution of students studying Dzongkha and English and ratio of male to female students in six colleges of the Royal University of Bhutan. There are total of 9,750 students in these colleges.

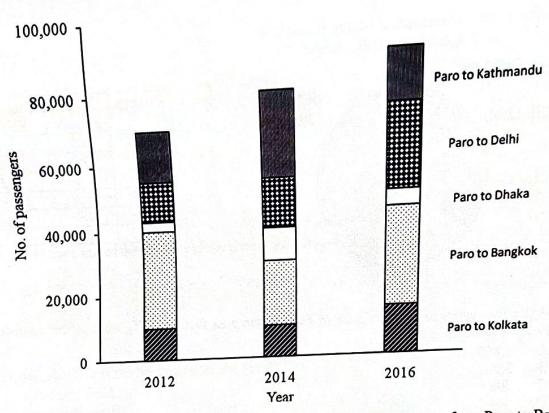
Distribution of students studying Dzongkha and English in various colleges



College	Male: Female	Dzongkha: English	
GCBS	6:5	3:7	
SC	3:7	2:3	
CST	x:y	3:2	
CLCS	5:3	8:7	
SCE	9:7	x:y	
RTC	3:1	9:7	

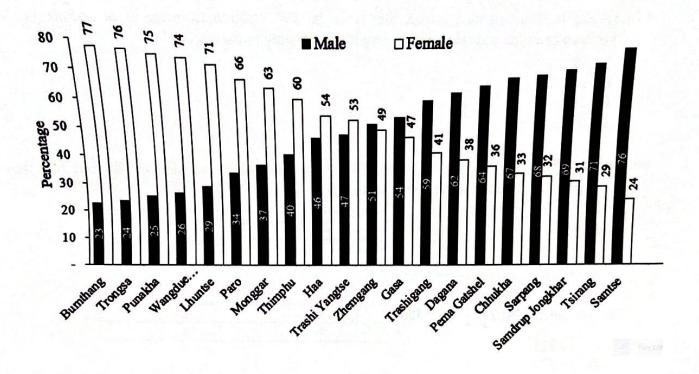
- 69. If the Dzongkha to English ratio of SCE is same as that of CST, what is the number of English students in SCE?
 - A 5,850
 - B 3,900
 - C 702
 - D 444
- 70. What is the ratio of female students of SC to female students of RTC?
 - A 35:4
 - B 30:7
 - C 20:9
 - D 5:4
- 71. The number of English students in GCBS is what percentage less than the number of Dzongkha students in CLCS?
 - A 75%
 - B 43%
 - C 17%
 - D 14%

Use the figure (Stacked Graph) below to answer Questions 72 and 73. It shows the number of passengers carried by Druk Air flights to different destinations.



- 72. What is the approximate difference between the number of passengers from Paro to Bangkok in 2012 and 2014?
 - A 50,000
 - B 30,000
 - C 20,000
 - D 10,000
- 73. What is the percentage of passengers from Paro to Kolkata in 2012 to that of the total passengers in 2014?
 - A 14.29%
 - B 12.50%
 - C 11.11%
 - D 10.00%

Use the figure (Bar Graph) below to answer Questions 74 and 75. It shows the percentage distribution of head of the household in a survey by gender and by Dzongkhag.



- 74. Which Dzongkhag has the most male headed household?
 - A Bumthang
 - B Gasa
 - C Samtse
 - D Tsirang
- 75. Which Dzongkhag has least gender disparity as the head of the household?
 - A Haa
 - B Gasa
 - C Zhemgang
 - D Trashi Yangtse

SECTION D: PROBLEM SOLVING

- 76. Dolkar is standing in a queue. She is in the 20th position from the front and in the 16th position from the end. How many people are standing in the queue?
 - A 36
 - B 35
 - C 34
 - D 33
 - 77. When a positive integer n is divided by 3, the remainder is 2 and when n is divided by 5, the remainder is 1. What is the least possible value of n?
 - A 21
 - B 12
 - C 11
 - D 8
 - 78. The sum of $\frac{21}{4}$, $2\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{8}$ and 3.350 is
 - A 10.125
 - B 10.825
 - C 11.225
 - D $12\frac{7}{20}$
 - 79. The ratio of two numbers is 8 and their difference is 21. What is the value of the smaller number?
 - A 12
 - B 24
 - C 2
 - D 3
- 80. How many 3 digit numbers can you make using the digits 2, 6 and 7, without repeating the digits?
 - A 6
 - B 3
 - C 9
 - D 12
- 81. Yeshey's mother bought her a bag of juice containing 2 Appy, 3 Jumpy, 4 Litchi, and 6 Lipton. All the products are imported except Jumpy. If she picks one juice randomly from the bag, what is the probability that the juice chosen is a local product?
 - A 0.13
 - B 0.20
 - C 0.27
 - D 0.80

- 82. A survey was conducted by one of the banks to find the demand for debit card and credit card. It is revealed that 35% of clients want debit card, 45% of the clients want credit card while 20% want both. What is the probability that a client does not want any of the cards?
 - A 0.40
 - B 0.44
 - C 0.57
 - D 0.60

Use the following table to answer Question 83. It shows the number of hours spent on *Instagram* by a group of 13 teenagers in a week.

Hours Spent on Instagram		
Hours per teenager	Number of teenagers	
6	raining at 41 compan	
8	2	
10	3	
12	3	
14	4	

- 83. Find the median hours spent on Instagram by the teenagers?
 - A 10 hours
 - B 11 hours
 - C 12 hours
 - D 14 hours
- 84. If the length of a rectangle is increased by 120% and its breadth reduced by 20%, what happens to the area of the rectangle?
 - A It increases by 100%
 - B It increases by 76%
 - C It Increases by 24%
 - D It decreases by 4%
- 85. The internal dimensions of a bath tub are 60 cm x 100 cm x 170 cm. If two taps, each with an output of 2,000 cubic centimetre of water per minute, are opened simultaneously to fill the tub, how long does it take to fill 80% of the tub?
 - A 204 minutes
 - B 255 minutes
 - C 408 minutes
 - D 24 minutes

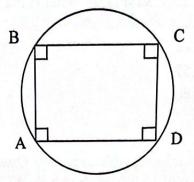
86. In the figure shown below, the rectangle ABCD is inscribed in the circle. The length and width of the rectangle is 8 m and 6 m respectively. What is the area of the circle?



B $20\pi m^2$

 $C 25\pi m^2$

 $D 100\pi m^2$



87. A mother said to her son, "I was one-third of your present age when you were born". If the mother is 72 years old, how old is the son?

A 24 years

B 36 years

C 48 years

D 54 years

88. The cost price of 20 articles is the same as the selling price of x articles. If the profit is 25%, then the value of x is

A 15

B 16

C 18

D 25

89. The speed of light is 9,450,000,000,000 km per year. The distance travelled by light in 100 years is

A $9.45 \times 10^{14} \text{ km}$

B $9.45 \times 10^{12} \text{ km}$

 $C 9.45 \times 10^{11} \text{ km}$

D 9.45 x 10¹⁰ km

90. The 7th term in the sequence 0, 3, 8, 15, ... is

A 63

B 35

C 55

D 48

91. Kiran rode his bicycle at a speed of 15 km per hour. He rode back the same way at a speed of 20 km per hour. If he rode his bike for one hour, what was the total distance he covered?

A 8.57 km

B 12.85 km

C 17.14 km

D 17.50 km

- 92. Penjor, Sonam and Dawa are taking part in a 4,500 metre race. Penjor can run twice as fast as Sonam but Dawa is three times slower than Sonam. If Dawa completes the race in 45 minutes, where would Sonam be from the finishing line when Penjor finishes the race?
 - A 750 m
 - B 2,250 m
 - C 1,500 m
 - D 3,000 m
 - 93. For the inequality 10 < x 12, which of the following is TRUE?
 - A 22 < x
 - B x < 22
 - C 0 < x < 22
 - D -22 < x < 0
 - 94. Dorji buys two watches for Nu 5,600. He sells one watch at 15% profit and the other at 10% loss. He neither gains nor loses. How much did he pay for each watch?
 - A Nu 2,800 and Nu 2,800
 - B Nu 2,100 and Nu 3,500
 - C Nu 2,600 and Nu 3,000
 - D Nu 2,240 and Nu 3,360
 - 95. A vegetable vendor sells his vegetable at 20% profit. Later he finds that his weights are 20% less than the true weights. What is his total profit percentage?
 - A 20%
 - B 40%
 - C 50%
 - D 67%
 - 96. A sum fetched an interest of Nu 4,230 at the rate of 9% per annum simple interest in 4 years. What is the sum?
 - A Nu 11,750
 - B Nu 15,980
 - C Nu 1,522.80
 - D Nu 5,752.80
 - 97. The sum of the ages of 5 children born at intervals of 3 years each is 50 years. What is the age of the eldest child?
 - A 13 years
 - B 16 years
 - C 19 years
 - D 22 years

- 98. If $5 \vee 3#2 = 11$, $6 \vee 7#1 = 13$, $4 \vee 5#2 = 14$, $3 \vee 3#4 = 15$, then $3 \vee 4#5 = ?$
 - A 17
 - B 19
 - C 23
 - D 60
 - 99. Karma bought 100 Kishu Tharas at Nu 50,000 per piece to sell during Thimphu Tshechu. Due to high demand, he marked up the price of all Kishu Tharas by 50% and sold 60 pieces. Several months later, to clear the stock he decided to mark down the price by 50%. What is the discounted price?
 - A Nu 35,700
 - B Nu 25,000
 - C Nu 50,000
 - D Nu 37,500
 - 100. Khandu deposited Nu 500,000 in Bhutan National Bank for 3 years fixed deposit at 7.25% simple interest per annum. How much will his deposit be worth at the end of the term?
 - A Nu 508,750
 - B Nu 108,750
 - C Nu 612,800
 - D Nu 608,750